



Prevention is the *Key*

Blood Tests and MRIs
can help detect pancreatic cancer.

Age of Detection

Pancreatic cancer is recommended for people considered high risk with a family history starting around age 50.

Important Regardless of Family History

People with a close relative (parent, brother, sister, or child) diagnosed with pancreatic cancer are encouraged to start screening at 50 years of age or 10 years prior to the earliest diagnosis in the family. Some genetic syndromes can cause pancreatic cancer including HBOC, Ataxia Telangiectasia (AT) or Lynch Syndrome.


Risk Factors

Some of the risk factors for pancreatic cancer include smoking, obesity, diabetes, chronic pancreatitis, and workplace exposure to chemicals like those used in dry cleaning or metalworking.

Signs & Symptoms

The signs and symptoms of pancreatic cancer include fatigue, physical weakness, jaundice or related symptoms, weight loss, poor appetite, stomach or back pain, nausea and vomiting, blood clots, or enlarged liver or gallbladder.

**Blood Tests and MRIs are your key to early detection of pancreatic cancer. Don't wait.
Schedule an appointment today!**

 Website to information about cancer screening at health center and to schedule an appointment

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